

SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET

Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Third Norfolk Representative District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2003.

Residents of Third Norfolk Representative District

Characteristics of Admissions

In FY 2003, there were 115,896 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 3.4% (3,978) of these admissions reside in the Third Norfolk Representative District. 6% (240) of admissions from the Third Norfolk Representative District were under 17 years of age.

Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services. In FY 2003, admissions to all residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services from the Third Norfolk Representative District reported the following characteristics:

- 73% were male and 27% were female.
- 63% were between the ages of 30-49.
- 84% were white non-Latino, 8% were black non-Latino, 4% were Latino, and 4% were other racial categories.
- 69% were never married, 10% were married, and 21% reported not to be married now.
- 26% had less than high school education, 53% completed high school, and 21% had more than high school education.
- 19% were employed.
- 31% were homeless.
- 34% had prior mental health treatment.

Primary Substance of Use

At admission clients also identify a "primary drug" of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Third Norfolk Representative District.

Table 1					
Primary Drug by District and State FY 2003					
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack
District	50%	33%	4%	4%	2%
State	43%	38%	6%	4%	4%

Substances Used in Past Year

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, as well as the prevalence of injection drug users (or IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Used: FY 1995 – FY 2003							
Third Norfolk Representative District							
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU
FY '95	3,081	2,493	644	960	536	869	683
FY '96	2,984	2,420	760	955	627	920	717
FY '97	3,452	2,981	1,091	1,238	868	1,048	782
FY '98	3,828	3,178	1,156	1,167	844	1,302	929
FY '99	3,962	3,267	1,107	1,264	872	1,387	1,038
FY '00	4,140	3,302	1,106	1,191	801	1,447	1,081
FY '01	4,868	3,761	1,150	1,346	799	1,768	1,261
FY '02	4784	3,523	1,017	1,277	619	1815	1,327
FY '03	3978	2,763	843	1,000	534	1508	1,097

Heroin and Injection Drug Use

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Third Norfolk Representative District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.

